## **STEREO IMPACT** PROBLEM REPORT PR-1033 FM1 SWEA I/F Errors 2005-01-18

PR Numbers: 1xxx=UCB, 2xxx=Caltech/JPL, 3xxx=UMd, 4xxx=GSFC/SEP, 5xxx=GSFC/Mag, 6xxx=CESR, 7xxx=Keil, 8xxx=ESTEC. 9xxx=MPAe

Assembly : SWEA/STE-D	SubAssembly :
Component/Part Number:	Serial Number: FM1
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## **Failure Occurred During (Check one** $\sqrt{}$ )

Functional test	v Qualification test	S/C Integration	Launch operations	
Environment when failure occurred:				
Ambient	Vibration	Shock	Acoustic	
Thermal	Vacuum	v Thermal-Vacuum	EMI/EMC	
Problem Description				

During SWEA/STE-D FM1 Thermal Balance test a low rate of interface errors (few/hour) occurred when the unit was cold and the operational heater was cycling. Most errors were caught and reported, but one managed to cause the instrument to disable the MCP HV. The MCP HV is hard to turn on accidentally (it takes 2 commands within 15 seconds), but relatively easy to turn off. The errors did not occur if the heater was off or on 100%, only when it cycled. It only occurred when the unit was below ~0C.

## **Analyses Performed to Determine Cause**

The interface errors are caused by noise on the serial interface clock line. The noise seems to be the result of a number of things. First there is some ringing on the serial interface clock line. It is not enough to cause a problem by itself because of the hysteresis of the receiver (54AC14), but it is ~75% of the minimum data sheet hysteresis, so it increases the sensitivity to other noise on the line. Next there is some cross talk between the clock and other signals in the harness due to the extenders we used to get through the thermal vac wall, which were not shielded like the flight harnesses. Finally there is a small amount of cross-talk between the clock and power lines in the harness or harness extenders results in noise on the clock when switching on/off the SWEA operational heater. All these have to occur at the same time to cause the problem, which explains how infrequent it is.

It is hard to replicate exactly what we saw in thermal balance on the bench, but we do see the combination of these effects approaching being large enough to cause extra clock signals. We could probably solve the problem by using shielded harness extenders, but we would like to increase the noise immunity.

We find that if we add a small (47pF) capacitor between the 1Kohm series resistor at the input to the receiver and ground we can significantly reduce all noise sources while not significantly slowing down the clock (there seems to be adequate timing margins on the serial interface).

Corrective Action/ Resolution				
v Rework	Repair	Use As Is	Scrap	
Capacitors added and tested. Noise levels at the clock signal receiver are reduced. Thermal Vac test prove				
that the margins are adequate over temperature.				
Date Action Tak	en: <u>2005-1-26</u>	_ Retest Results: <u>Succ</u>	cess	
Corrective Action Required/Performed on other Units v Serial Number(s): EM2				

Closure Approvals				
Subsystem Lead:	Date:			
IMPACT Project Manager:	Date			
IMPACT QA:	Date:			
NASA IMPACT Instrument Manager:	Date:			

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